3.1

In this lesson

Lesson aims:

Vocabulary: going on holiday

Resources:

- Vocabulary worksheet 3.1, p. 149
- Tests: Vocabulary check 3.1

Homework:

Workbook Unit 3, p. 24

Assessment for Learning in this lesson

- Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-up
- Giving feedback: Exercise 2, 3, 4 and 8
- Peer learning: Exercise 5 and 10
- Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

Warm-up

- (Books closed) Write Holidays on the board. Ss take turns to say any holiday words they know in English.
- (Books open) Introduce the aims of this lesson with this question: What is this lesson about? Ss quickly look at pages 34–35 and offer ideas in turns: Today we will talk about going on holiday. Write the lesson objective on the board.

Lead-in

 Teach new vocabulary with these sentences. Write the words you are teaching on the board and have Ss repeat. Another way to say look at a place is explore an area. Walking in walking boots is called hiking. When you visit somewhere for a day it's a day trip. On a guided tour a person shows you a place and tells you things about it. Snorkelling is swimming in the sea to look at fish. The food from a place is the local food.

Exercise 1

- After Ss discuss in pairs, ask the questions and have Ss raise their hands to offer answers.
- Write the verbs on the left and the nouns on the right of the board and have different Ss draw lines to match.
 Ask Do you go sightseeing?

Going on holiday

Vocabulary I can talk about holiday activities.

In this unit

Vocabulary

- Going on holiday
- Phrases with get

Gramma

- Past Simple affirmative and negative
- Past Simple questions and short answers

1 What do people usually do on holiday? Match the words to make expressions.

buy do go read stay visit

a guidebook a museum a souvenir in a hotel sightseeing water sports

I know

that!

buy a souvenir do water sports, go sightseeing, read a guidebook, stay in a hotel, visit a museum

Julie Reed and her parents are planning their next holiday. This summer they would like to go to Crete, an island in Greece.



Do you read a guidebook? Why?

Answers → student page

Exercise 2 (1) 2.1

 Ask Ss questions to consolidate understanding.

What do you need a bike/tent/walking boots for?

What is the local food in your town? What can you go on at a museum? Is snorkelling swimming or flying?

• Ss work in pairs to answer the questions. Ask different Ss to offer answers using the Lollipop stick technique.

Exercise 3 **2.2**

• Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique. Ask Ss what reason each member of the Reed family gives for their choice.

Answers

Julie would like to go camping and go hiking. Mrs Reed/Mum would like to go cycling and go on a boat trip.

Mr Reed/Dad would like to go on a guided tour and try the local food.

Exercise 4

- Ss work individually and then compare answers with a partner.
- Check answers using the Basketball technique.

Answers → student page

• Critical thinking Ss think of things you need for each holiday activity, e.g. a hat for the beach, money for local food, a torch for camping etc.

2 (1) 2.1 Listen and repeat. Look at page 34. What would the Reed family like to do on holiday?

Vocabulary Going on holiday

explore an area / a city / a town go camping go cycling go hiking go on a boat trip go on a day trip go on a guided tour go snorkelling go to the beach try the local food

Julie would like to ...

- 3 2.2 Listen to the Reed family and check your answers to Exercise 2.
- 4 Match 1-5 to a-e.
 - 1 C When you explore an area,
 - 2 (A) When you go snorkelling,
 - 3 **b** When you go camping,
 - 4 When you go on a day trip,
 - 5 / When you go to the beach,
 - **a** you can see what's under the water.
 - **b** you sleep in a tent.
 - c you walk around and learn about it.
 - **d** you often have sand in your shoes.
 - e you leave in the morning and return in the evening.
- Exam Spot Complete the text. Use the Vocabulary box to help you.



- You can ¹ <u>qo</u> to the beach every day, swim and go ²snorkelling in the clean blue water.
- You can also go on a boat ³ <u>trip</u> to some small islands near Crete.
- Do you enjoy walking? You can go ⁴ <u>hiking</u> in the mountains.
- Are you interested in history? You can go on a guided 5 <u>four</u> and see famous places like Knossos or you can
- ⁶explore old towns, like Rethymnon and Chania.
- And of course, you can try the local ¹ <u>food</u> . It's delicious.



6 2.3 What are the Reed family doing today? Listen and match the days to the activities.

-Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday

- a They're at the beach. Wednesday
- **b** They're trying the local food. <u>Tuesday</u>
- c They're going on a day trip. Friday
- d They're going camping. Thursday
- e They're exploring an old town. <u>Monday</u>
- 7 Read the comments and write suggestions using the activities in the Vocabulary box.
 - 1 I love swimming and looking at the animals in the sea.

Why don't you go snorkelling?

- 2 I don't want to stay in a hotel.
- 3 I love walking in the mountains.
- 4 I want someone to tell me about the famous places.
- 5 I like sitting in the sand and looking at the sea.
- 8 Act out the dialogues from Exercise 7 in pairs.
- 9 In pairs, finish the sentences.
 - 1 You need special clothes or equipment to . go snorkelling, ...
 - 2 In the city you can ...
 - 3 When you go to the seaside you can

10 Make a list of five activities you would like to do on holiday. Start with the one you would like to do most. Then compare your lists in small groups.

1 go on a boat trip
2 try the local food
3 go hiking
4 go to the beach
5 go camping

35

remember

that!

Exercise 5

- This is preparation for the CYCLET Flyers Reading and Writing test Part 3 and Breakthrough, Reading and Writing, Task 5.
- Ss work individually and then swap books with a partner.
- Ask different Ss to offer answers. Write the answers on the board. Ss mark each other's work and give each other feedback using the Three stars and a wish technique.

Answers → student page

Exercise 6 🐠 2.3

- Ask Ss what words they think they will hear in each situation, e.g. at the beach: hat, swim.
 Play the audio.
- Ask different Ss to offer answers.

Answers → student page

Exercise 7

- Ask two Ss to read out the example. Ss work in pairs.
- Ask different pairs to offer ideas.

Exercise 8

- Ss work in different pairs.
- Monitor pairs for correct pronunciation.
- Use the Basketball technique to bring forward pairs and do the activity.

Exercise 9

- Read out the example and ask Ss to raise their hands to offer more ideas.
- Ask different pairs to tell the class their ideas.

Exercise 10

- Read out the example to Ss.
 Ask them to raise their hands to offer more ideas, e.g. go swimming. Write their ideas on the board.
- Ss discuss in pairs using the Think-pair-share technique.
- Ss compare lists in groups. Encourage them to give reasons for their choices.
- Ask groups to say their top two activities. Have a class vote for the favourite activity.

Extra activity

• Play holiday Bingo. Give each student a piece of paper and tell them to draw a grid with six squares on it. They write a different holiday activity in each square. Say I'd like to ... and say each activity from the vocabulary box in any order. Ss cross out their activities when they hear them. When they cross out all their activities they shout Bingo!

Finishing the lesson

- (Books closed) Ss take turns to say one vocabulary item from the lesson. Ask different Ss to write them on the board.
- Ask different Ss which words they think are the most difficult to spell. Involve them in the learning process by reminding them to keep a note of all new words in a vocabulary section of their notebooks.

Fast finishers

 Ss write down a small plan of what a tourist can do on a five-day holiday in Ss' home town, e.g. On Monday, you can go cycling.

In this lesson

Lesson aims:

 Grammar: Past Simple affirmative and negative

Resources:

- O Grammar worksheet 3.2, p. 156
- Tests: Grammar check 3.2

Homework:

- Workbook Unit 3, p. 25
- Extra Online Practice Unit 3

Assessment for Learning in this lesson

- Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-up
- Giving feedback: Warm-up, Exercise 1, 2, 5, 6, Get Grammar!, Extra activity and Exercise 9
- Peer learning: Exercise 9
- Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

Warm-up

- 🗐 (Books closed) Give Ss one minute to write down as many new words from L 3.1 that they can remember. Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.
- 6 Set the goal of the lesson. Say Today we will learn to use the Past Simple affirmative and negative. Write the objective on the board.

Lead-in

- Ask What do you take with you on holiday? Ss raise their hands to offer ideas.
- (Books open) Ss look at the photo story and make suggestions about what it is about.

Exercise 1 (2) (1) 2.4

• 🗐 After answering check comprehension with the True/ False response cards: The Nicholses are going away on holiday. They have to catch a train. They go to the airport in their car.

Answers → student page

Exercise 2

- Ss read the statements. choose an answer and read the text again to check.
- the Lollipop stick technique.

I didn't know that

The Nicholses are going away on holiday today.

Dad: Come on, everyone! We have a plane to catch! ... Angela, where are the passports?

Mum: Well, they were on the stairs a few minutes

ago. Here they are! Sorry, Dad: I didn't see them.
I'm putting them in the ... Why's the rubbish still here? George? I asked you to take out the rubbish an hour ago!

that suitcase.

door, OK? Give me

a hand, boys!



3 That's weird! I'm sure I closed that suitcase last night. **Harry:** My backpack was full, so I took out some of my stuff and put it in What on earth is this? Harry: It's my pillow. You know I can't sleep without it.
No, I didn't know that. Take it with you on the

plane ... Angela, don't forget to lock the back





2.4 Watch or listen and read. How are the Nicholses going to the airport? by taxi

- 2 Read the story. Circle the correct answer.
 - 1 Dad is looking for the passports / rubbish.
 - 2 They were on the stairs/ in the kitchen.
- 3 It was Harry's /George's job to take out the
- 4 Harry/ Dad put the pillow in the suitcase.
- Dad asks Harry to take the suitcase / the pillow with him on the plane.

2.5 Listen and repeat. Find these expressions in the story.

That's weird! What on earth ...?



4 Guess! What's wrong? Have a class vote.

- a Mrs Nichols forgot to lock the back door. (b) They left their passports at home.
- 5 (2) 2.6 Now watch or listen and check.

Answers → student page

Exercise 3 2.5

• Read out the sentences. Ask students to say phrase from the Say it! Box that goes before it.

It's my cat in a bag!

My passport was here on the table a moment

Ask different Ss to suggest their own phrases.

Answers → student page

Exercise 4

- Critical thinking Ss discuss the options
- Do a class vote for the most popular guess using their response cards.

Exercise 5 (2) 14 (1) 2.6

• Ss watch or listen to check their choice.

Video/Audio script

Mum: Darling, can I have the passports, please?

Dad: Oh, no!

Mum: Please, tell me you didn't leave them

behind!

Dad: I put them in the travel wallet. Mum: And where's the travel wallet? Dad: Back home! I left it on the stairs! Mum: We've got just enough time to go

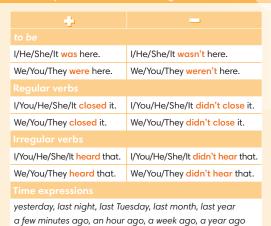
and get it!

- Ask Ss: Where is the travel wallet? Who left it there? Have they got time to get it?
- Involve Ss. Ask Imagine you forgot your passport. How would you feel?

Answers → student page

Grammar

Past Simple affirmative and negative



6 Look at the story on page 36. Complete the text with was, wasn't, were or weren't.

At the beginning, Mum and the boys ¹were in the house, but they ² weren't in the hall. The passports ³ were on the stairs. The rubbish bag ⁴ was in the hall too and Dad ⁵ wash't happy. He ⁶ was surprised because Harry's pillow ⁷ was in the grey suitcase.

7 ② 2.7 Write the infinitives of these irregular verbs. Then listen and check.

drank gave got had left met put read spent swam took went

drink – drank

8 Complete Harry's blog post with the Past Simple form of the verbs.

Yesterday, I ¹didn't get up
(not get up) early, so I ² didn't have
(not have) breakfast at the hotel. But
later in the day, Dad and I ³ explored
(explore) the area and we ⁴ tried
(try) the local cheese pie. We ⁵ loved (love) it!
George and Mum ⁶ went (go) to the beach. They
¹didn't swim (not swim) because they ⁶ didn't have (not have) their towels with them.

D₁₅ Get Grammar!

The beach was amazing. Max and I swam in the sea. We went snorkelling!



- 9 1 2.8 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of the verbs. Then number the sentences. Listen and check.
 - a 2 The weather 1 <u>wasn't</u> (not be) good. We 2 <u>spent</u> (spend) all the time inside our tents and 3 <u>drank</u> (drink) tea to keep warm.
 - b 3 | 4 <u>didn't have</u> (not have) much fun, but | 5 <u>read</u> (read) three interesting books!
 - c 1 Last summer, my parents 6 <u>wanted</u> (want) to go camping, so we 7 <u>went</u> (go) to the Lake District.
 - d 4 On the last day, it finally * <u>stopped</u> (stop) raining. But I 9 <u>was</u> (b happy to go home!





- 10 Game! Play as a class. Take turns to make sentences.
 - A: When I was on holiday last year, I went cycling.
 - **B:** I didn't go cycling, but I tried the local food.
 - C: I didn't try the local food, but I ...

37

Get Grammar! > 15

- Play the Get Grammar! video. If you don't have access to a computer/projector, read the grammar box to the class.
- Write Yesterday I _____ (go) to the park.
 I _____ (not go) shopping. Ss look at the grammar box. Ask different Ss to complete the sentences with the affirmative and negative form. Draw attention to the irregular verbs.
- Ask different Ss to make a sentence with an irregular verb.
- Check comprehension and exercise difficulty with the Traffic Lights technique (now or after Exercise 6).

Exercise 6

- Ss complete the activity and then read the dialogue again to check.
- Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.

Answers → student page

Exercise 7 (1) 2.7

 Choose different Ss to write the answers on the board. Tell Ss to keep a list of irregular verbs in their notebooks and to learn them.

Answers

give - gave; get - got; have - had; leave - left; meet - met; put - put; read - read; spend - spent; swim - swam; take - took; go - went

Extra activity

Play irregular verb tennis. Call out a Past Simple form and Ss say the infinitive. Repeat with the infinitive and Ss say the Past Simple form. You could do this using the Basketball technique.

Exercise 8

- Give Ss time to complete the activity individually.
- Ss raise their hands to offer answers. Write the answers on the board.
- Ask different Ss to read a sentence each. Monitor pronunciation.

Answers → student page

Exercise 9 1 2.8

- 🔄 Give Ss time to complete the activity using the Expert Envoy technique.
- Play the audio for Ss to check.
- Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.
 Ask different Ss to read out the sentences.

Answers → student page

Exercise 10

- Ask Ss to think of different things people do on holiday in the Past Simple. Write their ideas on the board. Ss then play the game.
- Monitor grammar and pronunciation.

Finishing the lesson

 (Books closed) Clarify the grammar goals of lesson 3.2.
 Ask different Ss to think of a sentence using a Past Simple affirmative or negative that is true for them for last weekend.

Fast finishers

 Ss look at the photo story.
 They underline the Past Simple verbs.

In this lesson

Lesson aims:

 Grammar: Past Simple questions and short answers

Resources:

- O Grammar worksheet 3.3, p. 157
- Tests: Grammar check 3.3

Homework:

Workbook Unit 3, p. 26

Assessment for Learning in this lesson

- Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-up
- Giving feedback: Get Grammar!. Exercise 3, 4 and 6
- Peer learning: Exercise 8 and Extra activity
- Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

Warm-up

- (Books closed) Revise the Past Simple affirmative. Say a verb for Ss to change to the Past Simple, e.g. close, hear, drink, have, meet, put.
- Revise the Past Simple negative. Write the headings Me and My friend on the board. Ask Ss to write down a sentence in the Past Simple about something they did yesterday. Ss then swap sentences in pairs and change their friend's sentences to the Past Simple negative. Ask different pairs to read out some examples.
- Set the goal of the lesson. Say Today we will learn to ask questions in the Past Simple. Ask a student to write the lesson objective on the board.

Lead-in

• (Books open) Ss look at the cartoon story and suggest what it is about. Say Tell me what is happening in picture 1 etc.

Doctor Q The film premiere

Doctor Q and Rob are back from a trip. They went to a big film premiere.





It was great!

and on Sunday

people like it?

Was the weather good? No, it wasn't. On Friday, it rained all

day. On Saturday, it was very windy

And the film? Was it good? Did

Yes, it was and yes, they did. Did you go to the party after the film? Yes, we did!

Wow! Did you meet any film stars? Yes, we did. We met Brian Gosley. Rob:

Really? Did you talk to him? Dr Q: Yes, Pi, we did!

What did he say? Pi: Dr Q: 'Hello, pleased to meet you.'

Oh, just that? Did you take any pho

Rob: I didn't. Dr Q: But I did. Look!

Pi: That's not Brian Gosley! That's food!
Why did you take a photo of food?!

Dr Q: Because it was fantastic!
Pi: Oh

ook at picture 1. Where was the film

2.9 Listen and read. Who is Brian

Pi:

premiere? in London

Gosley? a famous actor

3 Read the sentences. Circle T (true) or F (false).

1 Rob didn't like the weather.

2 The film premiere was a success.

3 Doctor Q didn't go to the party.

4 Doctor Q had a long chat with Brian Gosley.

5 Doctor Q didn't take any photos at the party.

T /(F)

(T)/ F

(T)/ F

T/F

T/F

38

Exercise 1

· Ss answer the question. Ask Ss to say where they found the answer.

Answers → student page

Exercise 2 (1) 2.9

· Ss work in pairs to find the answer. Ask Ss to say where they found the answer.

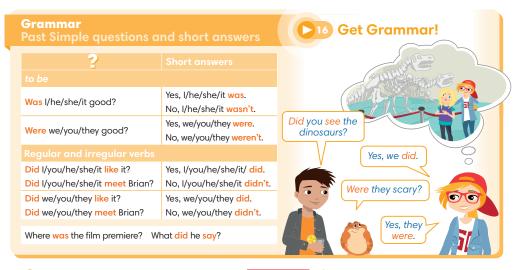
Answers → student page

Exercise 3

- Give Ss one minute to complete the activity individually.
- Check answers using the response cards.

Answers → student page

 Critical thinking Ask Ss to correct the false sentences in Activity 2 in pairs. Ask different pairs to offer answers.



2.10 Pi asked a lot more questions. Write Doctor Q's short answers. Then listen and check. Complete the last sentence.

Were you and Rob on time for the 1 Pi: film?

Dr Q: ✓ <u>Yes, we were.</u>

2 Pi: Did you go by taxi?

Dr Q: Ves, I/we did.

3 Pi: Was the film very long?

Dr Q: X No, it wasn't.

Did Brian Gosley give you his 4 Pi: autograph?

Dr Q: X No, he didn't.

5 Pi: Were you and Rob tired after the party?

Dr Q: X No, we weren't.

6 Pi: Did you bring me a present from London?

Dr Q: Ves, I/we did. It's a _____ cap

- 5 The robots are talking about Millie and Pi's weekend. Write Rob's questions.
 - 1 what / you and Pi / do / on Saturday? What did you and Pi do on Saturday?
 - 2 what film / you / see?
 - 3 it / be / good?
 - 4 Pi / eat / popcorn?
 - 5 what / you / do / after the cinema?
 - 6 Pi's friends / be / at the cinema too?

6 Exam Spot (1) 2.11 Match the questions in Exercise 5 to answers a-g. There is one extra answer. Then listen and check.

- a 3 No, it wasn't. It was silly.
- **b** Crazy Animals 3.
- c 4 Yes, he did. He loves it!
- **d** [1] We went to the cinema too.
- Yes, we did.
- f No, they weren't. We had a picnic in the park.
- g 5 We met Pi's friends.

7 Imagine you want to ask your friend about a film premiere he/she went to. Complete the questions.



Was the cinema big? you see any Did film stars?

6 Did nou



Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions in Exercise 7.

Get Grammar! 16

- Play the Get Grammar! video. If you don't have access to a computer/projector, read the grammar box to the class. Draw Ss' attention to the use of Was/Were for be and Did for other verbs.
- Write an affirmative sentence on the board, e.g. I played football. Write the question Did you play football? Say Yes, ... and No, ... and have Ss say the short answers.
- Repeat with the verb be.
- Draw Ss attention to the irregular verbs with this sentence and question: I went shopping. Did I go shopping? Ask Ss to explain what happens to the verb go.
- Check comprehension and exercise
 difficulty with the Traffic Lights technique (now or after Exercise 4).

Exercise 4 (1) 2.10

- · Ss complete the exercise individually and then compare answers with a partner.
- Play the audio for Ss to check.
- 🗐 Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.
- Ask different pairs to read out the dialogues. Monitor pronunciation.

Answers → student page

Exercise 5

- Ask a student to read out the example. Have Ss think about question 2 and raise hands to offer answers.
- Ss complete the exercise individually.
- Ask different Ss to offer answers.

Answers

2 What film did you see? **3** Was it good? **4** Did Pi eat popcorn? 5 What did you do after the cinema? 6 Were Pi's friends at the cinema too?

Exercise 6 4 2.11

- This is preparation for the CYCLET Flyers Reading and Writing test Part 2.
- Ss complete the exercise individually.
- Play the audio for Ss to check.
- Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.
- Ask different pairs to read out the dialogues.

Answers → student page

Exercise 7

- Ss work individually and then compare answers with a partner.
- Ask different Ss to offer answers.

Answers → student page

Exercise 8

- Ss ask and answer in pairs.
- Monitor correct vocabulary and grammar.
- Ask different pairs to read out one question and answer.

Extra activity

 Ss do a role play. Divide the class into groups of four and assign a character to each student. The groups practise the cartoon story in their groups. Monitor pronunciation. Ss can then perform their role plays to the class. They can still use their books to do this at this stage.

Finishing the lesson

39

- (Books open) Ss have one minute to look at the cartoon
- (Books closed) Ask Ss Pi's questions from Exercise 4 and ss pretend to be Dr Q and answer.
- Ask Ss to finish the sentences: Today I have learned ... and I can ...

Tast finishers

 Ss write questions and answers for the sentences they wrote in the warm-up in their notebooks.

In this lesson

Lesson aims:

Communication: making and responding to a request

Resources:

Communication worksheet 3.4, p. 170

Homework:

- Workbook Unit 3, p. 27
- Extra Online Practice Unit 3

Assessment for Learning in this lesson

- Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-up
- Giving feedback: Exercise 2, 4 and 5
- Peer learning: Exercise 1 and 3
- Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

Warm-up

- (Books closed) Ask a student Can I borrow your pen, please? Ask Ss What did I just ask to do? and elicit answers.
- Set the goals of the lesson. Say In this lesson we will learn how to make and respond to requests. Write the lesson objective on the board.

Lead-in

• (Books open) Ss look at the photos. Ask Who are the people? What is happening?



 Ask Ss to say where they found the answer.

Answers → student page

Critical thinking Pairwork: Ss write two false statements about the dialogue. They swap with their partner and correct the statements.

Exercise 2 1 2.13

• 🗐 Using the Lollipop stick technique, have Ss use the box to make their own simple exchanges.

Exercise 3 (1) 2.14

- Ss work in pairs. They should look at the box for help.
- Ask different Ss for answers. Do not confirm the answers yet. Play the audio for Ss to check.
- Ss read out the dialogues in pairs.

Can you bring me my phone?

Communication I can make and respond to a request.

George and Harry are waiting for Mum at the hotel lobby.

Can I have the tablet now? Harry: Sorry, you can't. I'm using it at the George:

moment.

Boys, can one of you bring me my Mum: phone, please? It's upstairs. Oh, and

the guidebook.

Sorry, Mum. I can't quit the game now. George:

Yes, Mum, no problem

Thank you, darling. I'm going to be outside with Dad.

Mum, the room key! ... Oh, never mind. Harry:

Receptionist:

Can I help you? Yes, please. Could you give me the key

to Room 217?

Yes, of course. Here you are. Receptionist:

Thank you. Harry: Harry, can you get my sunglasses too? George:

Harry:

Mum:

Sorry, I can't hear you! Harry:

2.12 Watch or listen and read. What does George want from the room?

2 (1) 2.13 Listen and repeat.

Communication Requests

Making requests

Can you bring me my phone, please? Could you give me the key to my room? Can I have the tablet?

Responding to requests

Yes, no problem. / Yes, of course. Sorry, I/you can't. I'm using it right nov Not now, sorry. I'm busy.

- 2.14 Complete the dialogues with one word in each gap. Then listen and check.
- 1 A: 1 Could you bring me my bag, 2 please? B: Yes, of 3 course . Where is it?
- 2 A: Can 4_ borrow some money from you?
- B: Yes, no 5 problem.
- A: Can you give me the train timetable, please?
 - B: 6 Sorry, I can't. I can't find it.
- 4 A: Can you help me with my homework?
 - B: ⁷ Not now, sorry. I'm busy.

4 In pairs, make and respond to requests. Use the ideas below and add your own.

- you / give / your smartphone / check the train times 🗸
 - A: Could you give me your smartphone, please? I need to check the train times.
 - B: Yes, of course.
- I / borrow / some money from you / buy some souvenirs X
- 3 you / take / a photo of us 🗶
- 4 I / close / the window / it's cold 🗸
- Exam Spot (1) 2.15 The Brett family are going home after their holiday. What are they looking/asking for? Listen and match people 1-4 to objects A-F. There are two extra objects.
 - 1 B Laura **2** A Sam

3 € Dad 4 🗲 Mum













Answers → student page

Exercise 4

- Ask two students to read the example. Check understanding using the Thumbs up/ down technique.
- Monitor Ss vocabulary and grammar and correct if necessary.

Extra activity

• Divide Ss into groups of four and assign the roles of Mum, Harry, George and the receptionist. Ss act out the dialogue. Tell them to change the items Mum wants.

Exercise 5 (1) 2.15

- This is preparation for the CYCLET Flyers Listening test Part 3.
- Tell Ss to look at the photos and say what they can see before they listen.
- Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.

Answers → student page

Finishing the lesson

 (Books closed) Ask What was easy about the lesson? What was difficult? What do you need to practise more?



Fast finishers

 Ss underline the requests and circle the answers in the dialogue.

I can understand a text about a holiday. Reading

My Alaskan holiday

В

Juneau

NORTH AMERICA

Λ

My family and I don't like going to the beach. We get bored there, so last summer we went to Alaska for our holidays. Alaska is the biggest state of the USA and one of the last wild places on Earth. It has volcanoes and mountains, rivers, thousands of islands and more than three million lakes! It's never very hot there, but the days are long in July and it gets dark late.

We went to Juneau, the capital of Alaska, by plane. There, we joined a group of three other families and two guides. We travelled around the country in caravans, and we camped in a different place every night. The caravans had beds and bathrooms and were very comfortable! At night it got cold, so we sat around the camp fire and ate our food.

by Shirley Burns



We had a fantastic time. We went kayaking, fishing and hiking in the mountains. We always had a guide with us, so we didn't get lost. The forests were full of wild animals and we saw a wolf and grizzly bears. We got tired because there were so many activities, but we loved it. The last day of our holiday was the best! We went on a boat trip and saw humpback whales!

th get

- 1 (1) 2.16 Read and listen to the text. Match paragraphs A-C to headings 1-4. There is one extra heading.
 - 1 A dangerous place
 - 2 B Life on the road
 - 3 An unusual place for a holiday
 - 4 C Not a holiday for lazy people!
- 2 I know that! Which geographical features does Alaska have? Which of them can you see in the photo?

forest island lake mountain river sea volcano

In the photo: forest, lake, mountain

In the text: island, lake, mountain, river, volcano

- 3 Read the text again. Which paragraph:
 - 1 B mentions the name of a city?
 - 2 / mentions very big numbers?
 - 3 C describes Shirley's favourite part of the holiday?
 - 4 🗷 says how Shirley travelled around Alaska?
 - 5 A says why Shirley and her family went to Alaska?
 - 6 C names the animals Shirley saw?

- 4 Would you like to go on a holiday to Alaska? Why? / Why not?
- 5 (1) 2.17 Listen and repeat. Find these phrases in the text.

Vocabulary Phras

C

get bored get cold get dark get lost get tired

- 6 Complete the sentences with a word from the Vocabulary box.
 - 1 I didn't take a map with me and I got <u>lost</u> in the city.
 - **2** Ineed a jumper. It's getting <u>cold</u>!
 - 3 This film isn't interesting and I'm getting
 - 4 In the winter in the UK it gets <u>dark</u> at four o'clock.
- **5** After a long walk, we got <u>tired</u> and decided to have a rest.

4.

3.5

In this lesson

Lesson aims:

 Reading: understanding a text about a holiday

Resources:

Tests: Vocabulary check 3.5

Homework:

Workbook Unit 3, p. 28

Assessment for Learning in this lesson

- Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-up
- Giving feedback: Exercise 1, 3 and 6
- Peer learning: Exercise 4 and Extra activity
- Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

Warm-up

- (Books closed) Write Alaska on the board. Ask Where is Alaska? (North America) Which country is it part of? (the USA) Ss find Alaska on a map if available.
- Ask What's the most interesting place you went to on holiday? Ss raise their hands to offer answers. Say and write In this lesson we will read about a holiday in Alaska.

Lead-in

• (Books open) Ss look at the photo and say what they can see.

Exercise 1 ① 2.16

• Before Ss choose the headings ask them what each

paragraph is about.

 Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.
 Ask Ss what made them decide on their answer.

Answers → student page

Exercise 2

 Revise the vocabulary with drawings on the board if necessary.

Answers → student page

Exercise 3

- Ss work individually. Tell them to underline the parts of the text where they find the answers.
- Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.

Answers → student page

Exercise 4

- Ask a student the question and elicit answers. Tell Ss to join their sentences with because.
- Ss work in pairs.
- Ask different pairs for answers and reasons.

Exercise 5 1 2.17

- Make sure Ss understand the adjectives. Explain the meanings with mimes.
- Different Ss read out the sentences with the phrases.

Answers → student page

Exercise 6

- Different Ss make sentences with the phrases before they complete the activity.
- Ss work individually and then compare answers with a partner.
- Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.

Answers → student page

Extra activity

 Pairwork: Draw a table with three categories on the board: Places in the countryside / Wild animals / Holiday activities.
 Ss complete the table in pairs with words from the text.

Finishing the lesson

• Ask What do you remember about Shirley's holiday in Alaska? Ask different Ss for answers.

Fast finishers

 Ss write three statements about the text and draw pictures.

3.6

In this lesson

Lesson aims:

- Listening: understanding texts about holidays
- Writing: a holiday email

Resources:

Tests: Writing Task 3

Homework:

Workbook Unit 3, p. 29

Assessment for Learning in this lesson

- Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-up
- Giving feedback:
 Warm-up, Exercise 1 and 6
- Peer learning: Exercise 6
- Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

Warm-up

- (Books closed) Ss work in pairs and write down as many of the holiday words they can remember from the unit so far. Then different pairs offer words.
- Mave Ss open their books on page 42 and look at Exercise 4. Ask What type of text is it? Do you write texts like this? What will we learn today? Say and write Today we will learn how to write a holiday email.

Lead-in

 (Books open) Ss look at the photos and say what they can see and what the weather is like.

Exercise 1

- Ss discuss in pairs.
- Ask for feedback using the Basketball technique.

Exercise 2 ② 2.18

- Play the audio and check answers as a class.
- Ask Ss where they found their answers.

Answers → student page

Exercise 3 2.18

 Ask different Ss for answers.
 Promote class discussion with questions about the places.
 Where would you like to go?
 Why?

Answers → student page

Listening and Writing describing holidays.

1 Look at the photos. Which place would you like to visit on holiday? Compare with a friend.









- 2 (1) 2.18 Listen and match speakers 1-4 to the places in Exercise 1.
 - 1 B Sandra

3 🕖 Alicia

2 C Derek

4 A lan

3 2.18 Listen again. Complete the blog post with one word in each gap.

Our Class Blog

Sandra

My family and I went to Rome in August. I made a lot of ¹ <u>friends</u> and I loved the food! I didn't like sightseeing very much because I got ² <u>fried</u>.

Derek

Last summer we went to my grandparents' ³ <u>farm</u>. It was a great holiday and we loved looking after the ⁴ <u>animals</u>.

Alice

Our holiday in Jamaica was the best holiday of my life! Jamaica is a beautiful signal and we did a lot of water there.

Ian

We go to our Dad's village in ⁷ <u>Scotland</u> every year. I wanted to go swimming, but the water in the ⁸ <u>lake</u> was very cold!

42

4 Read Derek's email. Who is he writing to? Aunt Carol

Dear Aunt Carol,

I hope you're well. Lilian and I are having a lovely time in the village! I wish you were here!

There are lots of things to do here. Last Friday we went fishing with Grandad. We sat next to the river for

Grandad. We sat next to the river for hours. I caught one fish, Lilian caught two and Grandad caught three!

Yesterday we went hiking in the mountains. Lilian and I got

tired, but Grandad didn't get tired at all. He's fit!

I need to help Granny with the animals now, so I can't write any more.

Lots of love,

5 Read the Writing box. Which of the expressions can you find in Derek's email?

Writing A holiday email

- At the beginning write: Hi/Hello ... (to a friend) or <u>Dear ...</u> (to an older person you know).

 You can also write: How are you? <u>I hope you're well.</u>

 We're having a lovely time ... <u>I wish you were here.</u>
- 2 In the middle, describe your holiday.
- 3 At the end, you can write: <u>I need to ..., so I can't write</u> any more.
- You can add: See you soon or Love / Lots of love.

 Remember to write your name.
- 6 Writing Time Imagine you are on holiday. Write an email to a friend or someone from your family and tell him/her about it.



Make notes about your holiday. Use these questions to help you.

Where are you and who is with you?

What did you do last week / yesterday?

Why do you need to stop writing? (optional)



Draft

Write your email. Use the Writing box to help you.

Check and write

Make sure you begin and end your email correctly. Write the final version of your email.

Exercise 4

Follow-up questions: When did he go fishing?
 How many fish did they catch together?
 Did Grandad get tired hiking? Why not?

Answers → student page

Exercise 5

Ss work individually.

Answers → student page

Exercise 6

- Read out the notes. Ask different Ss for ideas.
- 🔄 Ss write their own draft. Encourage them to share and help each other in pairs. Give feedback on use of vocabulary, grammar and style at this stage.
- Ss write their final text. Remind Ss to look at the Check and write box.

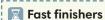
 Correct mistakes using descriptive evaluation (see Tests booklet for more information) and praise good use of grammar and vocabulary.

Extra activity

• Ss read their work to their partners.

Finishing the lesson

- (Books closed) Ss work in pairs to remember as much information as they can from Derek's email.
- A Have them reflect on the lesson by finishing the sentence: *I can now ...*



 Ss underline the Past Simple verbs in the email.

Language Revision

Vocabulary

1 Complete the texts with the words in the box.

beach boat camping explore guided hiking snorkelling trip try



We're in Vienna and we want to see the city. We can ¹ explore it on our own or we can go on a ² guided tour. I also want to ³ ry the local food.

I want to go ⁴ <u>camping</u>. We can sleep under the stars and go ⁵ <u>hiking</u> in the mountains.





Let's go on a day 6 <u>trip</u> to the country and tomorrow we can go on a 7 <u>boat</u> trip to an island.

It's hot today. Let's go to the ⁸ <u>beach</u>. We can sit in the sun or go swimming and ⁹snorkelling in the sea.



- 2 Complete the sentences with one word in each gap.
 - 1 Winter is coming and it's getting cold.
 - 2 I don't like playing computer games. I get <u>bored</u>.
 - 3 Can we stop and have a rest? I'm getting <u>tired</u>.
 - 4 Where's the map? I don't want to get lost.
 - 5 I turned on the lights when it got <u>dark</u>.

Grammar

3 Complete the page of Sue's diary with the correct Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

10th August

I ¹ <u>arrived</u> (arrive) here five days ago. It ² <u>was</u>
(be) fantastic to see Aunt Kate, Uncle Joe, Alfie
and Lulu. We ³ <u>didn't sleep</u> (not sleep) a lot.
We ⁴ <u>talked</u> (talk) all night, but we ⁵ <u>weren't</u>
(not be) tired in the morning!

Yesterday we 6 went (go) cycling near the lake. We 7 had (have) a picnic, but we 8 didn't go (not go) swimming. In the evening, Alfie and I 9 played (play) a computer game and Lulu 10 read

a comic book. I love it here!

- 4 In your notebook, write questions and
 - 1 Dad / cook / spaghetti / last night? ✓ Did Dad cook spaghetti last night? Yes, he did.
 - 2 the weather / be / warm and sunny? X
 - 3 the students / like / their new teacher? ✓
 - 4 you / know / everyone at the party? X
 - 5 they / be / at school / two days ago? X
 - 6 you and Sam / buy / these souvenirs / yesterday?

Pronunciation

5 (1) 2.19 Listen and repeat: /ð/ or /d/.



My father was there, my mother and Jade. It rained, so we stayed at home and we played.

Communication

- 6 2.20 Complete the dialogues. Then listen and check.
 - 1 A: ¹Can you drive me to the town centre?
 - B: Not now, ²s<u>o r r y</u> . I'm very busy.
 - 2 A: ³C_{ou} / d you ⁴b<u>ring</u> me my laptop, please? It's in my room.
 - B: Yes, of 5c<u>ourse</u>.
 - 3 A: Can you ⁶g<u>i ve</u> me the map, ⁷p<u>/ease</u>?
 - B: Yes, no ⁸p<u>r o b / e m</u>. Here it is.

Check yourself!

- I can talk about holiday activities.
- I can use the Past Simple.
- I can make and respond to requests.

43

3.7

In this lesson

Lesson aims:

- Revising Vocabulary, Grammar and Communication from Unit 3
- Pronunciation: /ð/, /d/

Resources:

Tests: Language Test 3

Homework:

- O Workbook Unit 3, p. 30
- Extra Online Practice Unit 3

Assessment for Learning in this lesson

- Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-up
- Giving feedback: Exercise 2 and 6
- Peer learning: Exercise 3
- Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

Warm-up

- @ (Books closed) Ask Ss: What new words are in this unit? Can you remember them all? Can you spell them?
- Say In this lesson we will revise the vocabulary, grammar and communication skills from Unit 3.

Exercise 1

• (Books open) Ask Ss for the meaning of the words in the box before they complete the activity.

Answers → student page

Exercise 2

- Ss work individually. Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.
- Ask different Ss to mime a sentence and have the class guess which one it is.

Answers → student page

Exercise 3

• 🕃 Ss work in pairs using the Expert Envoy technique.

Answers → student page

Exercise 4

 Choose pairs of Ss to write the questions and answers on the board.

Answers

- 2 Was the weather warm and sunny? No, it wasn't.
- **3** Did the students like their new teacher? Yes, they did.
- **4** Did you know everyone at the party? No, I didn't.
- **5** Were they at school two days ago? No, they weren't.
- **6** Did you and Sam buy these souvenirs yesterday? Yes, we did.

Exercise 5 🐠 2.19

- Ss repeat as a class. Play the audio again and choose pairs to repeat.
- Follow-up task: Dictate these sentences: This is my brother. He doesn't like red. Ss write them down and say which words have the /ð/ and the /d/ sound. Ask Ss to write their own sentence with words that have these sounds.

Exercise 6 (1) 2.20

- Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.
- Ss practise the dialogue in pairs.

Answers → student page

Finishing the lesson

- Ss complete Check yourself! box. Ask Ss if they ticked all the boxes.
- (Books closed) Place Ss in small groups. Write Please write: 3 words, 3 expressions, 3 Past Simple sentences, 3 Past Simple questions on the board. Give Ss two minutes to do this. The group(s) that manage, win.

▼ Fast finishers

• Ss write three sentences of their own for a diary entry like the one in Exercise 3.

Get Culture!

In this lesson

Lesson aims:

- Culture focus: A journey around the USA
- BBC video: Yellowstone and the Grand Canyon (optional)
- Project: A digital presentation about a national park

Resources:

Project Worksheet p. 179

Assessment for Learning in this lesson

- Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-up
- Giving feedback: Exercise 2, 3 and A
- Peer learning: Exercise 1, 4, C and the Project
- Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

Culture notes

USA: American English is the national language and Spanish is the second most common language in the USA. People also call the USA the US and America. Yellowstone: Yellowstone National Park is the first national park in the USA. It is well-known for its wildlife and geothermal features. The Grand Canyon: Two billion years of Earth's geological history are exposed here.

Warm-up

- (Books closed) Write USA on the board. Ask Ss to find it on a map. Ask Ss to raise their hands to say a place they know in America.
- 6 (Books open) Have Ss look at the photos on page 44 and say what they can see. Introduce the aims of this lesson. Say: In this lesson you will learn about the USA.

Lead-in

around it.

• Pre-teach river, desert, lake, wetlands and landscape with these definitions on the board. A river is water that goes from a mountain to the sea. A desert is a dry place where it doesn't rain. A lake is water that isn't saltv like the sea and it has land all

A journey around the USA

Choose a country: United States Choose a continent: North America The United States of America is the third largest country in the world. Its neighbours are Canada in the north and Mexico in the south. It has the Atlantic Ocean in the east and the Pacific Ocean in the west Fifty states make up the United States Two of them, Alaska and Hawaii, are outside the main territory. The capital city of the USA is Washington DC, and the top three largest cities are New York, Los Angeles and Chicago.

The landscape of the USA is beautiful and varied. In the southwest, we find the Rocky Mountains and the Colorado River 1. The mountains continue into the west, where you can also find the Moiave Desert (2) (the hottest desert in North America) and three world famous national parks: Yosemite 3, Yellowstone and Redwood . In Redwood, you can see some of the world's tallest trees!

The northeast has the Great Lakes 69. The southeast has the Mississippi River (the fourth longest river in the world) and the Everglades wetlands 6, where you can find hundreds of different types of animals and plants.

New York Los Angeles

1 What do you know about the USA? In small groups, think of three facts. Compare your ideas as a class.

- 2 (1) 2.21 Read and listen to the text about the USA. Answer the questions.
- 1 Which countries are USA's neighbours? Canada and Mexico
- 2 Which ocean is west of the USA? The Pacific
- 3 How many states are there in the USA? fifty
- 4 Which city is larger Washington or Chicago? Chicago
- How many rivers are mentioned in the
- Which is the hottest desert in North America? the Mojave Desert

2.22 Listen to three young Americans talking about their holidays. Complete the table.

Person/ holiday	1 Kelly Hawaii Island	2 Adam Everglades, Florida	3 Isabella Rocky Mountains
Geography	rain forests, 1 <u>beaches</u> , volcanoes	wetlands with grass, 3 <u>rivers</u>	mountains, <u>forests</u> , <u>lakes</u>
Activities	² <u>hiking</u> , golf	taking photos, ⁴ <u>boat</u> rides	_

text? two (the Colorado and the Mississippi) 4 Where do you go on holiday and what do you do? What activities do you like doing? What don't you like doing?

Wetlands are places on land that have a lot of water too.

The landscape is what the countryside around you is like.

• 👸 Groupwork: Ss discuss and report back to the class using the Expert Envoy technique.

Exercise 2 (1) 2.21

- Ask Ss to read the first paragraph and to answer Q1.
- Tell Ss to read the rest of the text and complete the activity, underlining where they find the
- technique.

Answers → student page

Exercise 3 (1) 2.22

- Read through the table and explain meanings if necessary. Ask Ss to think about what information they need to listen for.
- Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.

Answers → student page

Exercise 4

• Croupwork: Ss discuss and report back to the class using the Expert envoy technique.

Yellowstone and the Grand Canyon







A 18 Watch the video and answer the presenter's questions. Which places does the video talk about?

Redwood (Arizona) the Mississipi River (the Colorado River) the Rocky Mountains the Mojave Desert

B 18 Watch the video again. Answer the questions.

Yellowstone National Park

- 1 Which part of the USA is it in? in the
- 2 What is the name of the river that runs through it? Yellowstone
- 3 How many geysers are there in it?

 about 500

The Grand Canyon National Park

- 4 Which state is it in? in Arizona
- 5 How long is the Grand Canyon? 446 kilometres
- 6 What is the hottest temperature in the summer? 40 degrees (Celsius)

C Which of the two national parks would you like to visit? Why? What would you like to do there

PROJECT

- Work in groups. Make a digital presentation of a famous national park in your country.
- Plan your presentation. Decide who searches the Internet for interesting information, who looks for the photos and pictures, etc.
- Write about the national park. Use these questions to help you.

Where is it?

What geographical features does it have? What plants and animals live there? What can visitors do there?

A famous national park

The ... National Park is in the north/ south/east/west/centre of the country. You can see ... Visitors can 🧥

Put your texts and photos together.

Show your presentation to the class. Which is your favourite presentation? Why?

BBC video

Video script → see Teacher's Book p. 138 Presenter's questions

- 1 (0.10) Do you like visiting the park where you live?
- 2 (0.14) Did you know that some parks are so big that they attract millions of visitors every year?
- 3 (1.42) Are there any national parks in your
- 4 (2.21) And did you know the Grand Canyon is nearly 2 kilometres deep?
- 5 (2.52) What's the oldest national park in the USA?

Note: if you can't show the video, spend more class time on preparing the Project.

- Tell Ss in this video Maddie tells us about Yellowstone and the Grand Canyon. Before they listen ask Ss to look at the photo and say what they can see (rocks, a river, mountains).
- Note: For less confident Ss you can play the video with the subtitles on.

Exercise A 18

- Read out the places and explain to Ss that they have to listen for them. Stop the video after each question and elicit answers from different Ss.
- Play the video again.
- Check answers using the Lollipop stick
 technique.

Answers → student page

Exercise B 18

- Ask Ss to read the questions and think about any answers they might already remember.
- Play the video again without stopping it. Ss work individually and then compare answers in pairs. Ask different Ss to read out an answer each.

Answers → student page

Exercise C

• 🐑 Divide Ss into groups to answer the questions. The groups report back to the class to discuss.

Project

Setting the project up

- Divide Ss into groups of four. Assign or help Ss choose tasks. Each group writes down a list of ideas.
- Give Ss the project worksheets to help them prepare.
- Each student writes down their information using the questions for help.

Sharing the project

- Ss work then together to create their presentation. Read out the example and tell Ss to use the same style.
- Tell Ss to choose one slide to present each.
- Ask Ss to say which presentation is their favourite and to say why using the Two stars and a wish technique.

Finishing the lesson

• 🚖 (Books closed) Ask Ss to finish the sentence in their notebooks: Today I learnt ...

Fast finishers

45

 Ss underline the Geographyrelated words in the text.