

## Teacher's Book

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## Lesson aims:

O Vocabulary: school subjects and items.

## Resources:

- Vocabulary worksheet 1.1, p. 148

O Tests: Vocabulary check 1.1
Homework:

- Workbook Unit 1, p. 8


## Assessment for Learning

 in this lesson(6) Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-up and Exercise 4Giving feedback: Exercise 1, 3, 5 and 7Peer learning: Exercise 6Independent learning Finishing the lesson

Warm-up

- (Books closed) Ss work in pairs and look in their bags and say the words for any items they already know in English.
- (G) (Books open) Introduce the aims of this lesson with this question: What is this lesson about? Ss quickly look at pages 10-11; ask random Ss for their ideas.

Lead-in

- Teach the vocabulary with the photos, real objects or ActiveTeach. Hold up your book, the objects or draw Ss attention to the screen, read out the new words one at a time and point to the correct photos or objects. Ss do the same.


## Exercise 1

- 国 Say Have you got a (calculator) in your bag? Hands up for 'Yes'. Check answers with all class using their response cards.
Exercise 2 (1) 1.16
- Make sure Ss understand all the vocabulary in the box.
- Ss can work in small groups or pairs to find the subjects and items in the photos, e.g. Look. I can see a Maths lesson / a pencil case. Monitor pairs for understanding and pronunciation.

- Gritical thinking Ss think about which items you need for which subjects. Ss raise their hands and make suggestions. Have two students write the ideas on the board. Encourage class discussion.


## Extra activity

- Ss work in pairs and ask each other questions about the school items, e.g. Have you got a ruler in your bag? Monitor pairs for correct question forms and pronunciation.


## Exercise 3 (1) 1.17

- Ss listen for key words and school items connected to each subject.
- Monitor understanding using the Lollipop stick technique and having Ss write the answers on the board.
- Confirm answers. Play the recording again, stop after each part and Ss say the key words and items. (1: trainers, play; 2 Bonjour Madame, dictionaries; 3 calculator, problem; 4 sing; 5 map; 6 paint)


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 4

- This is preparation for the CYLET Movers Reading and Writing test Part 1.
-(G) Ss look at the photos on page 10, then look for key words connected to each subject. Involve Ss using the WILF technique by encouraging them to underline the key words.

[^0]2 (D) 1.16 Listen and repeat. Find these school subjects and school items in the photos on page 10 .

## Vocabulary School

School subjects
Art Computer Studies English French Geography History Maths Music P.E. Science

School items
calculator dictionary laptop map paints pencil case rubber ruler scissors trainers
1.17 Listen and circle the correct answer.

1 P.E. / Music
2 English / French
3 Geography/Maths
4 P.E./Music
5 Computer Studies/Geography
6 Art/ Science

Exam Spot Write the school subjects.


Science


History
$\qquad$

Computer Studies


5


6
1.18 Listen and match the school subjects to the days.
1
2
3
4
5Maths
a Monday
$\qquad$ b Tuesday
(d) P.E.
c Wednesday
d Thursday
e Friday

## 6 Ask and answer the questions in pairs.

A: What's your favourite subject?
B: It's Music.
A: When is it?
B: It's on Monday.

7 Look at the school bags. Which subjects have they got today? Write in your notebook.


8 Look at the picture. Illustrate three other subjects in a similar way.
Make a class exhibition.


## Exercise 8

- Different Ss say what they can see in the picture.
- Ask other Ss for ideas on other subjects. Write or draw ideas on the board.
- Allow enough time for Ss to create their pictures. Ss look at the pictures on display and choose a favourite one.


## Finishing the lesson

(Books closed) Ss take turns to say one new word from the lesson. Ask random Ss to write them on the board.Ask different Ss which words they think are the most difficult to spell. Involve them in the learning process by telling them to keep a note of all new words in a vocabulary section of their notebooks.
## Fast finishers

- Ss look at the Vocabulary box in Exercise 2 for 1 minute, then close their books and try to write down all the subjects. Ask Ss how many words they remembered and if they could spell them.


## Exercise 5 (1) 1.18

- Revise the days of the week. First chant the days as a class. Then write the initials of each day on the board, and ask random Ss to complete the words.
- Play the audio track once.
- Play again for Ss to confirm answers.
- Check answers using the Basketball technique. Ask When is Maths? Ss It's on Tuesday.


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 6

- Ask two students to read out the dialogue.
- Monitor pairs for correct question forms and pronunciation of the subjects. Listen to pairs and correct individual Ss as necessary.
- Ask some pairs to report back to class. Ask What is your friend's favourite subject and when is it?


## Exercise 7

- Ss open their notebooks and work individually.
- Check answers. Ss use their response cards. Ask Has Sophie got Art/Maths today?, etc.
- Choose three students to write the answers on the board. Ss can mark each other's work.


## Answer

Sophie: Art, Music, French Lucas: Computer Studies, Maths Clara: P.E., Geography

1.2

## In this lesson

## Lesson aims:

O Grammar: Present Simple affirmative, adverbs of frequency (always, usually, often, sometimes, never).

## Resources:

o Grammar worksheet 1.2, p. 152

O Tests: Grammar check 1.2

## Homework:

O Workbook Unit 1, p. 9
O Extra Online Practice Unit 1

## Assessment for Learning in this lesson

Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-upGiving feedback: Warm-up,
Exercise 4, 5, 7 and Get Grammar!Peer learning: Exercise 8 and 9Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

## Warm-up

- (Books closed) Give Ss one minute to write down new words from L1.1. Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.
- Revise the subjects. Write the first letter of each subject on the board, and ask different Ss to complete the words. Then revise the school items. Ask e.g. Have you got a calculator in your bag? and elicit answers. - Give Ss learning feedback by asking them how many words they remembered. Suggest they keep a word list.
- (G) Set the goal of the lesson. Write two sentences on the board and read them out (I always get up at 7 a.m. I usually have breakfast before work.) Ask Ss if they know what they will learn today. Say
Today we will learn about the Present Simple so that you can talk about your daily routine.


## Lead-in

- (Books open) Ss look at the photo story and make suggestions what it is about.
Exercise $1 \geqslant{ }^{2}$ (D) 1.19
- Read out the question first, so Ss have a purpose for watching or listening.



## Exercise 2

- Ss complete the exercise, then watch or listen again to confirm answers.

```
Answer }->\mathrm{ student page
```


## Exercise 3 (1) 1.20

-Read out the sentences. Ss respond with a phrase from the Say it! box:
Science class is in room 3A. It starts in five minutes!
Oh no! There are books, pens and paper on the classroom floor!
It's ten past one. P.E. is always at 1 o'clock!

## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 4

- Critical thinking Students discuss the options in pairs.
- Do a class vote using their response cards.

Exercise 5

1.21

- Ss watch or listen to check their choice.

Video/Audio script
Tom: Phew! We aren't late!
Teacher: Hello everyone. Today, l've got a short test for you. Have you all got your calculators?
Class: Yes, Miss.
Lucas: Er ... sorry Miss. I haven't got my calculator. It's at home.
Teacher: Never mind Lucas. I'm sure you can do the test without it.
Lucas: Oh no!
Teacher: Only joking. Here's my calculator. You can use it.

Grammar Present Simple affirmative ( 4 Get Grammar!


6 Circle the correct answer.
1 lbring/brings my phone to school.
2 She listen/listensto music on the bus.
3 We eat)/ eats lunch at school.
4 They walk/ walks to school in summer.
5 He lose /losesthings all the time.
6 You have/ has Maths on Monday morning

## LOOK!

love $\rightarrow$ loves eat $\rightarrow$ eats play $\rightarrow$ plays
do $\rightarrow$ does go $\rightarrow$ goes watch $\rightarrow$ watches wash $\rightarrow$ washes study $\rightarrow$ studies fly $\rightarrow$ flies

7 (1) 1.22 Complete the sentences with the Present Simple form of the verb. Try to guess the correct option. Then listen and check.
1 Tom watches (watch) football in the afternoon /evening.
2 Amy does (do) her homework before / after school.
3 Elena loves (love) Beyoncé/Adelesongs.
4 Tom goes (go) to computer club/football club)on Friday.
5 Lucas plays (play) sports/chess)at break time.

## Grammar Adverbs of frequency

-a always
$\square \square$ usually
$\square \square \square$ often
$\square \square \square$ sometimes
$\square \square \square \square$ never

Adverb + verb
I never listen to music.
We sometimes watch TV.
Adverb + to be
He is often late for school. I am always happy

8 Complete the sentences with adverbs of frequency so they are true for you. Compare your sentences in pairs.
My daily routines
On school days I__ get up at 7.
At the weekend $\quad$ get up at 10.

9 In your notebook, put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

1 always We on Friday have Art . We always have Art on Friday.
2 are Elena and Amy noisy in Science class sometimes .
3 I never in class send text messages.
4 often We in the park play football.
5 watches TV Tom usually after dinner
6 always late for English You are !


10 Write three true sentences and one false about what you and your family do every day. Ask your partner to guess which sentence is false. Then swap roles.
A: I do my homework in the kitchen.
B: True!
A: My dad sings in the shower.
B: False! ...

Exercise 7 (1) 1.22

- Ss choose answers and compare in pairs.
- Ask for feedback: How many guesses are correct?
Have a class vote using the
Thumbs up/down technique.
Answer $\rightarrow$ student page


## Extra activity

- Give Ss one minute to study the spelling rules in the Look! Box. Ss close their books. Write the basic form of the verbs on the board. Ss write He/She/lt form in their notebooks. They then open their books and check.


## Exercise 8

- Read out the Grammar box and explain the meanings of the adverbs. Read out the sentences and Ss repeat.
- Make sure Ss understand all the sentences.
- (1) Ss work using the Think-pair-share technique. Say Raise your hand for the same adverb.


## Exercise 9

- Read the Grammar box again. Draw Ss attention to the position of the adverbs with verbs and with to be.
- ${ }^{2}$ Ss write their sentences in their notebooks and then compare answers in pairs, offering feedback.


## Answer

2 Elena and Amy are sometimes noisy in Science class. 3 I never send text messages in class. 4 We often play football in the park. 5 Tom usually watches TV after dinner. 6 You are always late for English!

## Exercise 10

- Give Ss two minutes to write their sentences.
- Monitor pairs for correct grammar forms and pronunciation.


## Finishing the lesson

- A (Books closed) Clarify the grammar goals of lesson 1.2. Ask different Ss to think of a sentence using an adverb of frequency.


## Fast finishers

- Ss look at the photo story. They underline the basic form of verbs in the Present Simple affirmative and circle the He/She/lt forms.


## In this lesson

## Lesson aims:

O Grammar: Present Simple negative, questions, short answers

O Vocabulary: word friends with play and do

## Resources:

O Grammar worksheet 1.3, p. 153

O Tests: Grammar check 1.3

## Homework:

o Workbook Unit 1, p. 10

## Assessment for Learning in this lesson

(6) Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-up and Exercise 4

Giving feedback: Get Grammar! and Exercise 7
Peer learning: Exercise 4, 6 (follow-up) and Extra activityIndependent learning: Finishing the lesson

## Warm-up

- (Books closed) Revise the Present Simple affirmative on the board. Write I listen to music. He __ to music. Different Ss say the missing form.
- Revise the spelling of the Present Simple He/She/lt form. Ask different Ss for the spelling rules from L1.2 Look! box. Write both forms of the verbs on the board (love-loves, eat-eats, play-plays, do-does, go-goes, watch-watches, wash-washes, study-studies, fly-flies).
- (6) Set the goal of the lesson. Write two sentences on the board and read them out (Do you play the guitar? I don't play the guitar.) Ask Ss if they know what they will learn today. Say Today we will learn how to ask and answer questions about hobbies. Write the lesson objectives on the board.


## Lead-in

- (Books open) Introduce the cartoon characters. Ss look at the images before proceeding to the exercise.


## City Creatures <br> $\square$ The new hobby

 Carla: Yes, I do.
Big Al: Do you play sport?
Carla: No, I don't. I play the guitar and I paint pictures.

Big Al: Does Rocco paint pictures? Carla: No, he doesn't.
Big Al: Does he play sport?
Carla: Yes, he does. He does karate.



14

## Exercise 1

- Ss answer the question. Ask follow-up questions: Can you see animals/people? How many?

Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 2 (1) 1.23

- Make sure Ss understand the sentences before you play the recording.
- Ask different Ss to read the sentences and their answers. For false answers ask Ss to say the true sentence.

[^1]
## Get Grammar! ${ }^{5}$

- Play the Get Grammar! video. If you don't have access to a computer/projector, read the Grammar box to the class. Ss repeat in chorus.
- Write I paint on the board. Tell Ss to look at the Grammar box. Ask What extra word is in the negative sentence? Elicit don't. Ask What extra word is in the question? Elicit Do.
- Write He paints on the board. Ask What extra word is in the negative sentence? Elicit doesn't. Ask What extra word is in the question? Elicit Does. Ask Is the letter s on paints? Elicit No.
- You may check comprehension \& exercise difficulty with the Traffic Lights technique.

Grammar Present Simple negative, questions and short answers

|  | Short onswers |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I don't paint. | Do I paint? | Yes, I do. / No, I don't. |
| You don't paint. | Do you paint? | Yes, you do. / No, you don't. |
| He/She/It doesn't <br> paint. | Does he/she/it <br> paint? | Yes, he/she/it does. / <br> No, he/she/it doesn't. |
| We don't paint. | Do we paint? | Yes, we do. / No, we don't. |
| You don't paint. | Do you paint? | Yes, you do. / No, you don't. |
| They don't paint. | Do they paint? | Yes, they do. / No, they don't. |

don't $=$ do not doesn't $=$ does not
Where do you paint? When do they paint? How often does she paint?

D 5 Get Grammar!

Do you play football in your free time?


## 3 Correct the sentences.

1 Carla paints houses.
Carla doesn't paint houses. She paints pictures.
2 Carla plays the piano.
3 Rocco does judo.
4 Freddie and Fifi want Carla's picture.

4 Complete the questions with do or does.
1 Does Big Al play the guitar?
2 Do Carla and Rocco have hobbies?
3 Does Rocco paint pictures?
4 Do Carla and Rocco like Big Al's picture?
5 What does Big Al think of his new hobby?
5 (1)) 1.24 Complete the dialogue with do, does, don't or doesn't. Then listen and check.

Big Al: ${ }^{1}$ Do you play an instrument, Rocco?
Rocco: No, I ${ }^{2}$ dont but my sister plays the drums.
Big Al: ${ }^{3}$ Does she play in a band?
Rocco: Yes, she ${ }^{4}$ docs. They're called "The Rocking Raccoons".
Big Al: How often ${ }^{5}$ do they meet?
Rocco: They meet every Wednesday, and on Thursday she does ballet.
Bi Al: Wow, your sister is busy!

6 (1) 1.25 Listen and repeat. Which activities in the Vocabulary box can you see in the pictures?


7 Complete the questions with do or play. Then ask and answer in pairs.
1 Do you play basketball?
2 Does your dad do karate?
3 Does your grandma do ballet?
4 Does your mum play chess?
5 Do you do pottery after school?

> 8 (D) 1.26 (D) 1.27 Go to page 107 . Listen and sing My Busy Week song.

## Exercise 3

- Ss complete the exercise individually.


## Answer

2 Carla doesn't play the piano. She plays the guitar. 3 Rocco doesn't do judo. He does karate. 4 Freddie and Fifi don't want Carla's painting. They want Big Al's painting.

## Exercise 4

- Ss complete the questions individually.
- (G) Follow-up: Involve Ss in how to do reading comprehension questions using the WILF technique. Tell them to underline the parts of the cartoon story where they find answers to the questions.
- Ss then work using the Think-pairshare technique. Ask pairs to read out their questions and answers.


## Answer

student page; 1 No , he doesn't. 2 Yes, they do. 4 No , he doesn't. 5 No , they don't. 6 He loves it/his new hobby.

## Exercise 5

- After checking answers with different Ss, divide the class into two groups and assign the roles: Big Al and Rocco. Read out the dialogue and Ss in each group repeat.
- Ask several pairs to read out the dialogue.

[^2]Extra activity

- Divide the Ss into groups of five. Assign a role from the cartoon story to each student. Ss read out their parts and prepare a role play in groups. Monitor question intonation and general pronunciation. The groups perform their role plays to the class. They could read from their books at this stage.


## Exercise 6

- Read out the Vocabulary box and Ss repeat.
- Ss label the pictures they know. Ask different Ss for feedback. Make sure all Ss understand the vocabulary.
- Collow-up: Ss work in pairs and think of more activities that collocate with play and do,
e.g. play football, the piano; do puzzles, homework, then share with the class.


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 7

- Ask two Ss to read out the questions and make sure all Ss have the correct question forms. Ss answer as a class with their response cards.
- Ss work in pairs and take turns to ask and answer the questions. Monitor pairs.
- Extend the exercise to challenge stronger Ss. Ask individual students questions with Where, When and How often, e.g. When / Where / How often do you play basketball?


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 8 (D) 1.26 (D) 1.27

- Play the song for Ss to hear the first time.
- Read out the lyrics and Ss repeat. Then Ss can sing along. Different groups could perform the song. Have a class vote for the best performance.


## Finishing the lesson

-     - (Books closed) Ask Ss to finish the sentences: Today I have learned... and / can... Check with all class using the response cards.


## Fast finishers

- Ss write three sentences in their notebooks:1 using the Present Simple affirmative and an adverb of frequency, 2 using the Present Simple negative, 3 using the Present Simple question form.


## Lesson aims:

o Communication skills: asking for and giving personal information

## Resources:

## - Communication

worksheet 1.4, p. 168

- Tests: Communication check 1.4


## Homework:

O Workbook Unit 1, p. 11

- Extra Online Practice Unit 1


## Assessment for Learning in this lesson

(2) Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-upGiving feedback: Exercise 2Peer learning: Extra ActivityIndependent learning: Finishing the lesson

## Warm-up

- (Books closed) Ask Ss some questions about themselves: What's your name? How old are you? Do you like ...?
- (G) Set the goals of the lesson. Say In this lesson we will learn how to ask for and give information about us. Can you give me an example?


## Lead-in

- (Books open) Ss cover the dialogue, look at the photo and say/guess who they can see.


## Exercise 1 (1) 1.28

- Read out the questions. Ss watch the video or uncover the dialogue and listen.

Answer $\rightarrow$ student page
Exercise 2 © (Di) 1.28

- 国 Make sure Ss understand the information they need for the table. Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.

Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 3 (1) 1.29

- After the class repeat together, choose individual Ss or pairs to repeat. Monitor pronunciation.
Look!
- Read out the Look! box and Ss repeat. Make sure they understand all the information.

Receptionist: Good morning. Tom: Good morning.
R: Hello. Can I help you? Tom: Yes, l'd like to join the basketball club, please.
R: Of course. What's your name?
Tom: Tom Flynn.
R: How do you spell Flynn?
Tom: F-L-Y-N-N.
R: Where do you live, Tom?
Tom: 25 Star Street, Kingston.
R: What's your email address?
Tom: It's tom.flynn@mymail.com.
R: And what's your phone number?
Tom: It's 08976335214.
When does the club meet?
R: On Mondays, from 5.30 to 7.00
Tom: That's now, isn't it?
R: Yes, hurry up!


1 (1) 1.28 Watch or listen and read. Answer the questions.
1 Where is Tom? Tom is in a sports centre. 2 Why is he there? He wants to join the basketball club.
2 (1) 1.28 Watch or listen and read again. Complete the table.


## 3 <br> 

Communication
Asking for personal information
What's your name?
How do you spell that?
Where do you live?
What's your email address?
What's your phone number?

## LOOK! Enailactuesese

@ = "at" .com = "dot com" Telephone numbers 0 = "oh" or "zero" $33=$ "double three"

4 In your notebook, write questions to these answers.
1 Diego Alvarez
What's your name?
How do you
2 D-I-E-G-O A-L-V-A-R-E-Z spell that?
317 North Road, Oxford Where do you live?
4 It's diego@xnet.com What's your cmail address? 5 It's 06657241682 What's your phone number?
5 (D) 1.30 Listen and check.
6 Exam Spot (D) 1.31 Listen and complete Kate's information.

Name of student: Kate 'Grey
Name of Club: Art Club
Day: ${ }^{2}$ Monday
Time: ${ }^{3} 3.30$
Where: Room 4 Room 308


## Exercise 4

- Ss work individually referring to the Communication and Look! box.

```
Answer }->\mathrm{ student page
```


## Exercise 5 (D) 1.30

- Make sure Ss have the correct questions. Choose pairs to read out questions and answers.


## Extra activity

- Ss make up a phone number and an email address and write it down. Ss then work in pairs and dictate the info to each other. Then, have them swap the written information, check and correct if necessary.


## Exercise 6

- This is preparation for the CYLET Movers Listening test Part 2.
- Ss read the member's card first, so they know what to listen for.

```
Answer }->\mathrm{ student page
```


## Finishing the lesson

(Books closed) Encourage Ss to give feedback on the lesson and assess their own learning. Ask What was easy/hard about this lesson? Can you remember how to say emails / phone numbers?
## Fast finishers

- Ss underline all the questions in Exercise 1 and say how many they find (8).

Lead-in

- (Books open) Ss take turns to describe the photos.
Exercise 1 (1) 1.32
- Give Ss one minute to read the text, or play the text once.

```
Answer }->\mathrm{ student page
```


## Exercise 2

- (G) Involve Ss in reading comprehension using the WILF technique. Say What are the key words in the questions? Different Ss answer.

Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 3 (1) 1.33

- Make sure Ss understand all the vocabulary in the box.


## Exercise 4

- Make sure Ss understand the sentences.
- 0 Ss do the exercise using the Think-pair-share technique.


## Extra activity

- Groupwork: Play Snowman with the new words. On the board, write a dash for each letter of a word to guess. Draw a part of the snowman for each wrong guess (e.g. snowballs). The team who guesses the word before the snowman is complete wins a point. If a team makes a wrong guess and you draw the last part of a snowman, it loses a point.


## Exercise 5

- This is preparation for the CYLET Movers Reading and Writing test Part 2.
- Check answers with all class using their response cards.


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 6

- Different Ss give ideas for funny sentences.
- 2. Ss work individually and then read each other's work to give feedback. Have a vote for the funniest ideas.


## Finishing the lesson

- Critical thinking (Books closed) Ss share their opinions. Ask Are boarding schools a good idea?
- $\theta$ (Books closed) Refer back to lesson goals: Was the text easy/difficult to read?


## Fast finishers

- Ss study the new vocabulary for one minute, cover the words and try to spell them.


## In this lesson

## Lesson aims:

O Listening for specific information.

- Writing a blog entry. Time expressions in writing: in, on, at


## Resources:

- Tests: Writing Test 1


## Homework:

o Workbook Unit 1, p. 13

## Assessment for Learning in this lesson

Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-upGiving feedback: Exercise 3 and 7
Peer learning: Exercise 4 and 7Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

## Warm-up

- (Books closed) Ss say the days of the week as a class.
- (G) Set the goals of the lesson. Ask Ss to quickly look at the text in Exercise 5 and close their books again. Ask What type of text is it? Ask Ss if they know what they will learn today. Say Today we will learn how to write a blog entry.


## Lead-in

Exercise 1

- Ask different Ss to write the days on the board so all Ss can check spelling.


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 2 (1) 1.34

- Before Ss listen, say You're going to listen to four students talk about their favourite day.


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 3 (1) 1.34

- This is preparation for the CYLET Listening test Part 3.
- Have different Ss answer and check with rest of the class using the Thumbs up/ down technique.

```
Answer }->\mathrm{ student page
```

Exercise 4

- Ss do the exercise using

1 Complete the days of the week. Which are weekdays? Which two days are at the weekend?
1 Monday
5 Eriday
2 Tu $\underline{c} \underline{d} \underline{a}$ -
$6 \mathrm{Safur} \underline{d} \underline{a}$
3 We_n $\underline{\underline{s} \underline{d} \underline{a} q}$
7 Sunday
4 Thursday
weekdays: Monday-Friday, weekend: Saturdan-Sundan

2 (1) 1.34 Listen to four children. Which are their favourite weekdays?
1 Peter Wednesday 3 Freya Freya - Monday
2 Theo Theo-Friday 4 Hannah Hannah-

> Thursday

Exam Spot (D) 1.34 Listen again. Match the children to the activities they do on their favourite days. There are two extra pictures.


4 What's your favourite weekday? Why? Tell the class.
the Think-pair-share technique. Encourage all Ss to share by choosing different Ss to speak.

## Exercise 5

- Give Ss one minute to read the text and answer the questions.

```
Answer }->\mathrm{ student page
```


## Exercise 6

- Ss work individually and underline the expressions. They can then add them to the Writing box.


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 7

- Read out the notes. Ask different Ss for ideas and write them on the board.

5 Read the blog entry from a school website. Which is Daisy's favourite day? Why?

## Moy forourite day

On my favourite day I get up
at 7 a.m. and listen to music. I meet my friends at 8.15)and we walk to school. We often talk about our plans for the weekend.


Lessons startat 9 a.m, with Music, then Art - my favourite subjects!(At lunchtime), I sometimes play table tennis.
In the afternoon, usually go skateboarding in the park with my friends. In the evening, we often watch music videos!

Guess what my favourite day is. Yes, it's Friday! Friday; at school she has her favourite subjects - Music, Art, in the afternoon she usually goes skateboarding in the park with her friend's. In the evening, they often watch music videos! Writing ilme expressions at, in, on

AT at 9 o'clock, at the weekend, at lunchtime
IN in the morning
ON on Monday, on Friday morning, on a weekday

Find time expressions in the text in Exercise 5.
(©) Writing time Write about your favourite weekday.
(?) Find ideas
Make notes about your favourite weekday. Write what you do in the morning/afternoon/ evening, how many lessons you have on that day, what school subjects you do, etc.

Draft
Write about your favourite weekday.
My favourite weekday is ...
In the morning, I ...
On ... I have ... lessons. I do ...
In the afternoon/evening, I .
Check and write
Check the time expressions and write the final version of your text.

## Vocabulary

1 Look at the photos and complete the names of school subjects.


1 Maths


3 Science
4 Computer Studies


5 History
2 Find and circle five places in a school. classroom - library gym - playground


3 Match the words in the box to the correct verb. Which activities do you do?
ballet basketball chess the drums judo karate the piano pottery tennis
play: basketball, chess, the drums, the piano, do: ballet, judo, karate, pottern tennis;

## Grammar

4 Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in the box.
walk have send start get up talk
On weekdays Elena 'gets up at 7.30 a.m. She ${ }^{2}$ has breakfast with her family. Then she ${ }^{3}$ walks to school with her sister. On the way to school, the girls ${ }^{4}$ talk about their day, listen to music and ${ }^{5}$ send text messages. School ${ }^{6}$ starts at 9 a.m.

5 In your notebook, write five sentences about your weekend. Use adverbs of frequency and the words in the box.
get up meet friends do homework go to the cinema have a pizza

I usually get up at 10 a.m.
6 Complete the interview with Big AI with do, don't, does and doesn't.


Interviewer: ${ }^{1}$ Do you paint every day? Big Al: Yes, I ${ }^{2}$ do . But I ${ }^{3}$ don't paint in the morning. I sleep in the morning. Interviewer: ${ }^{4}$ Does you friend Rocco paint? Big Al: No, he ${ }^{5}$ doesn't. He does karate. Interviewer: ${ }^{\circ}$ Does he like your paintings? Big Al: Yes, he ${ }^{7}$ does . He loves them ... I think.

## Pronunciation

7
(1)) 1.35 Listen and repeat: /s/, /z/ or /iz/? He never gets up late.
He goes to school at eight.
He finishes school at five. He plays football outside!

## Communication



8 Complete the receptionist's questions. Then act out the dialogue in pairs.
Receptionist: 'What's your name?
Paula: Paula Krantz.
Receptionist: How do you ${ }^{2}$ spell that?
Paula: K-R-A-N-T-Z.
Receptionist: What's your phone ${ }^{3}$ number ?
Paula: 03862451957.
Receptionist: What's your ${ }^{4}$ cmail address?
Paula: paula@net.com
Receptionist: Where do you ${ }^{5}$ live ?
Paula:
17 Park Road, Oxford.

## Check yourself! $\sqrt{\checkmark}$

- I can talk about school.
- I can use the Present Simple to talk about my daily routine.
- I can ask and answer questions about hobbies.
- I can ask for and give personal information.


## Assessment for Learning in this lesson

(G) Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-upGiving feedback: Exercise 4
(1) Pe

Peer learning: Exercise 2 and Extra activity

Independent learning: Finishing the lesson
Warm-up

- (G) (Books closed) Help Ss clarify the vocabulary goals of Unit 1. Ask What new words are in this unit?
- (6) Set the goals of the lesson. Say In this lesson we will revise the language from Unit 1.


## Exercise 1

- (Books open) Choose Ss write the answers on the board.


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 2

- © Ss work using the Think-pair-share technique.

Lesson aims:

- Revising Vocabulary, Grammar and Communication from Unit 1
O Pronunciation: /s/, /z/ and /ız/


## Resources:

- Tests: Language Test 1

Homework:
O Workbook Unit 1, p. 14

- Extra Online Practice Unit 1


## 1.ワ

## In this lesson



Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 3

- Ask different Ss to answer.

Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise 4

- Ss work individually. Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Extra activity

- 0 Ss use Exercise 4 to tell the class about their friend. Extend the exercise so Ss practise short answers. Ask Does your friend play basketball / do ballet?, etc.


## Exercise 5

- Prompt Ss with questions, e.g. How often do you play basketball?
- Ss write in their notebooks. Choose some Ss to read out a sentence each.

Exercise 6

- Ss work alone. Then choose two Ss to read out the dialogue.

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Answer }->\mathrm{ student page
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## Exercise 7 (1) 1.35

- Ss repeat as a class. Play the audio track again and choose pairs or individuals to repeat.
- Follow-up task: Dictate these verbs: (does /z/, wakes /s/, watches /iz/, listens /z/). Ss say which sound they hear.


## Exercise 8

- Ss work individually. Choose two Ss to read out the dialogue. Ask the class to give feedback.
- Ss practise the dialogue in pairs.


## Finishing the lesson

Explain to Ss that the Check yourself box is for selfassessment. They should think what they do well and where they need more practise.- A (Books closed) Encourage Ss to give feedback on the unit. Ask Is the vocabulary easy to remember/spell/say? Do you understand the adverbs of frequency? When can you practise the communication skills?


## 8 Fast finishers

- Ss write questions in the

Present Simple for Exercise 4.

## Get Culture!

## In this lesson

## Lesson aims:

o Culture focus: Schools in the UK

- BBC video: Secondary schools in the UK (optional)
o Project: An electronic presentation of an ideal school uniform


## Resources:

O Project worksheet p. 179

## Assessment for Learning in this lesson

Setting aims and criteria for success: Warm-upGiving feedback:Exercise 4, A, C and Extra ActivityPeer learning: the Project Independent learning: Finishing the lesson

## Culture notes

School uniform: Most
students wear a school
uniform at secondary school.
Boys usually wear trousers,
shirts, jumpers and ties. Girls
usually wear skirts, shirts and jumpers.
Secondary schools: Students start secondary school when they are 11. Most schools start lessons at 9 a.m. and finish at 3 p.m. Students do mainstream subjects, and also e.g. cooking. They stay at school for lunch, which is 1 hour. After-school clubs are popular. The summer holidays are 6 weeks long.

## Warm-up

- (Books closed) Write Clothes on the board. Ss write down 5 items of clothing they know in English. Choose different Ss to write one of their words on the board. Encourage Ss to say what they are wearing today.
- (G) (Books open) Have Ss look at the photos for a few seconds. Ask What do you see? What do think the lesson is about? Introduce the aims of this lesson. Say: In this lesson you will learn about schools in the UK.


## Lead-in

- Pre-teach this vocabulary (light, dark, cream, comfortable, expensive) with clothes or


## 

 - 
## School Uniforms in the UK

schoolchildren in Britain usually wear a school uniform. We talk to two students about their uniform.

## Sara

Hi, I'm Sara and I'm thirteen. I wear a green and purple skirt and a cream shirt. There's also a green jacket,
 1 (D) 1.36 Read and listen to the texts about school uniforms in the UK.
Label Josh's and Sara's uniforms with the words in bold.

2 Who says these things? Read the sentences and write J (Josh), S (Sara), or J and S (Josh and Sara).
1 My uniform isn't comfortable.
2 I sometimes wear a jacket.
3 Boys and girls wear trousers.
4 I wear a shirt. Jand S
5 I like wearing a uniform.
6 I don't like wearing a uniform.

## Get <br> ,

 but I don't always wear it. With the skirt, I wear black tights and black shoes. I think school uniform is good because it's comfortable, and because we think about our lessons, not our clothes.6 black tights



C Which things are the same in your country? Which things are different? Discuss your answers as a class.

## PROJECT -00

Work in groups. Make a digital presentation about an ideal school uniform.

- Write a description of the ideal uniform. Use these questions to help you.

What do the girls and boys wear?
What are the colours?
What shoes do they wear?
Are the uniforms cool and comfortable?

- Use a computer programme to draw the uniform, or take photos/videos of your friends in the uniform, using clothes from home.

Put the text and the drawings/photos/ videos together.
Share your presentation with the class. Which is your favourite uniform? Why?

## Exercise B $\quad 7$

- Play the video again without stopping it. Ss work individually and then compare answers in pairs.


## Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

## Exercise C

- Divide Ss into groups to answer the questions. The groups report back to the class.


## $\omega$ Project

Setting the project up

- Divide Ss into groups of four.

Student A: write about the boys' uniform
Student B: write about the girls' uniform
Student C: create pictures of the boys' uniform
Student D: create pictures of the girls' uniform

- Give Ss the Project worksheets to help them prepare.
- Ss discuss their ideas and make notes. They write up their ideas and create pictures.
Sharing the project
- When Ss have completed their tasks, they work together to create an electronic presentation to give to the class. After a class vote for the favourite uniform, discuss what makes a good presentation, e.g. Don't use too many slides: 5 or 6 slides is enough. Keep text short: just a few words per slide Add pictures and videos (and music). Add a title to the presentation and each slide. Use animations to make words appear, but not too many.
- If Ss don't have access to computers, ask them to create a poster presentation instead with drawings and/or photos. They display their poster on the wall or board and read out the descriptions to the class.
Finishing the lesson(Books closed) Ask Was the lesson interesting? Do you know something new?


## 8 Fast finishers

- Ss underline the clothes and colour words in the texts.

Video script $\rightarrow$ see Teacher's Book p. 140

## Presenter's questions

1 (0:40) Do you learn to cook at school?
2 (1:08) What about you?
3 (1:10) Do you eat your lunch at school?
4 (1:12) How long is your lunch break?
5 (1:31) What do you wear to school?
6 (2:04) Which club would you like to try?
7 (2:11) How long are the school summer holidays in the UK?

- Tell Ss that this video is presented by Greg, who describes a typical secondary school in the UK. Before they listen ask Ss to look at the photo and say which lesson it shows (Science).
- Note: For less confident Ss you can play the video with the subtitles on.


## Exercise A

- Make sure Ss understand the phrases before they watch the video. Stop the video when the presenter asks questions and encourage different Ss to offer answers.
- Check answers using the Lollipop stick technique.

[^3]
[^0]:    Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

[^1]:    Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

[^2]:    Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

[^3]:    Answer $\rightarrow$ student page

